

My name is Toshiyuki Furukawa, in charge of the Public & Investor Relations Department.

I will provide an explanation on the financial results for fiscal 2022.

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Financial Results for FY 2022

, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	(Apr-Mar)		
(Unit : billion yen) Result	Result	Amount	%
Net sales 281.4	4 301.3	+ 19.9	+ 7.1%
Operating profit 22.2	2 23.7	+ 1.4	+ 6.4%
Operating margin 7.9%	6 7.9%	-	-
Ordinary Profit 27.3	3 29.0	+ 1.7	+ 6.4%
Profit attributable to 22.3	1 21.8	(0.3)	(1.4%)
¥112/USI Exchange rate	D ¥135/USD		
¥130/EU	R ¥141/EUR		

This is our statement of income for the full year.

Net sales increased 7.1% year on year to JPY 301.3 billion. Operating profit rose 6.4% year on year to JPY 23.7 billion, with an operating margin of 7.9%.

Solid performance was achieved in the mainstay Watches business and Machine Tools business, resulting in increased sales and profit.

Ordinary profit totaled JPY 29 billion, while profit attributable to owners of parent amounted to JPY 21.8 billion.

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Financial results	by Business Segm	ients				CITIZEN
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		FY2021 FY2022				
	Net sales	1-4Q(Apr-Mar)	1-4Q(Apr-Mar)	YoY Change		
	(Unit : billion yen)	Result	Result	Amount	%	
	Watches	131.0	150.0	+ 18.9	+ 14.4%	
	Machine Tools	81.0	86.1	+ 5.1	+ 6.4%	
	Devices and Components	50.0	44.7	(5.3)	(10.6%)	
	Electronic and Other Products	19.2	20.4	+ 1.1	+ 6.0%	
1	合計	281.4	301.3	+ 19.9	+ 7.1%	
	Operating Profit					
	(Unit: billion yen, %:operating marg	in)				
	Watches	10.3 7.9%	16.6 11.1%	+ 6.3	+ 61.4%	
	Machine Tools	12.5 15.5%	12.2 14.2%	(0.3)	(3.1%)	
	Devices and Components	2.8 5.7%	(0.8) (1.8%)	(3.6)	-	
	Electronic and Other Products	1.1 6.1%	1.1 5.6%	(0.0)	(2.4%)	
1	Eliminations or general corporate	(4.6)	(5.4)	(0.7)	-	
	Consolidated Total	22.2 7.9%	23.7 7.9%	+ 1.4	+ 6.4%	
Watches: Sales	of finished products continued	to increase, ma	inly in the Nort	h America	n and Europea	an market.
 Machine Tools: procurement er 	Sales increased, reflecting prog nvironment.	ress in producti	ion and shipme	nt due to i	mprovements	in the parts

We are now looking at financial results by segment.

Brisk sales continued in the Watches business, mainly in European and American markets. Net sales improved 14.4% year on year to JPY 150 billion, with operating profit recording a 61.4% rise to JPY 16.6 billion on an operating margin of 11%.

In the Machine Tools business, net sales improved 6.4% year on year to JPY 86.1 billion, reflecting progress in production and shipments from gradual improvements in the second half of the year despite the impact of parts procurement difficulties earlier on. Operating profit stood at JPY 12.2 billion, a slight year-on-year decline that was impacted by rising component and material costs among other factors.

Devices and Components recorded a decline in sales and profit. Electronic and Other Products posted an increase in net sales, but the segment's operating profit remained on par with the previous year.

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Next, I will describe the financial results for the fourth quarter.

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Financial Results for 4Q(Jan.-Mar.) of FY 2022

	FY2021	FY2022		
	4Q(Jan-Mar)	4Q(Jan-Mar)	YoY	Change
(Unit : billion yen)	Result	Result	Amount	%
Net sales	65.8	71.1	+ 5.3	+ 8.2%
Operating profit	2.6	2.6	+ 0.0	+ 1.4%
Operating margin	4.0%	3.8%	-	-
Ordinary Profit	5.0	4.6	(0.3)	(7.4%)
Profit attributable to owners of parent	4.9	2.1	(2.8)	(56.8%)
Evolution and rate	¥115/USD	¥133/USD		
Exchange rate	¥129/EUR	¥142/EUR		
			-	

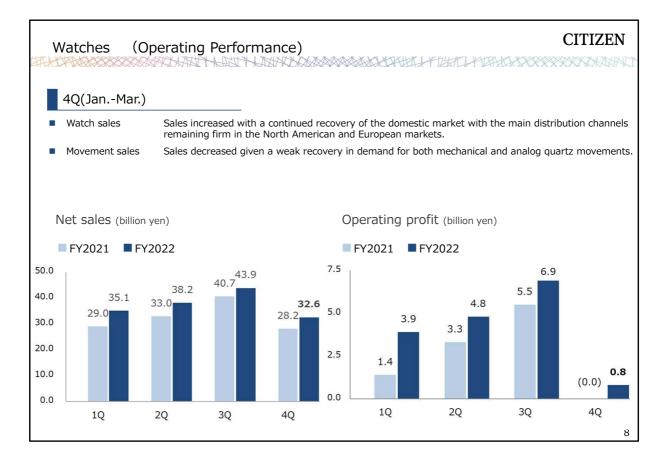
Net sales in the fourth quarter increased 8.2% year on year to JPY 71.1 billion. Operating profit rose 1.4% year on year to JPY 2.6 billion, with an operating margin of 3.8%. Ordinary profit declined 7.4% year on year to JPY 4.6 billion, while profit stood at JPY 2.1 billion, down 56.8% year on year.

2022 Result by Bus	siness Sear	nents		
			H#125A	THAT
	FY2021	FY2022	1	
Net sales	4Q(Jan-Mar)	4Q(Jan-Mar)	YoY	Change
(Unit : billion yen)	Result	Result	Amount	%
Watches	28.2	32.6	+ 4.4	+ 15.7%
Machine Tools	20.9	22.7	+ 1.8	+ 8.9%
Devices and Components	12.1	10.5	(1.6)	(13.3%)
Electronic and Other Products	4.5	5.2	+ 0.6	+ 15.3%
合計	65.8	71.1	+ 5.3	+ 8.2%
Operating Profit				
(Unit: billion yen, %:operating man		0.8		
Watches	(0.0) (0.3%)	2.6%	+ 0.9	-
Machine Tools	3.1 15.2%	3.7 16.5%	+ 0.5	+ 18.2%
Devices and Components	0.7 6.2%	(0.6) (6.2%)	(1.4)	-
Electronic and Other Products	0.1 2.5%	0.1 3.2%	+ 0.0	+ 48.0%
Eliminations or general corporate	(1.3)	(1.4)	(0.1)	-
Consolidated Total	2.6 4.0%	2.6 3.8%	+ 0.0	+ 1.4%

This slide shows financial results by segment for the fourth quarter.

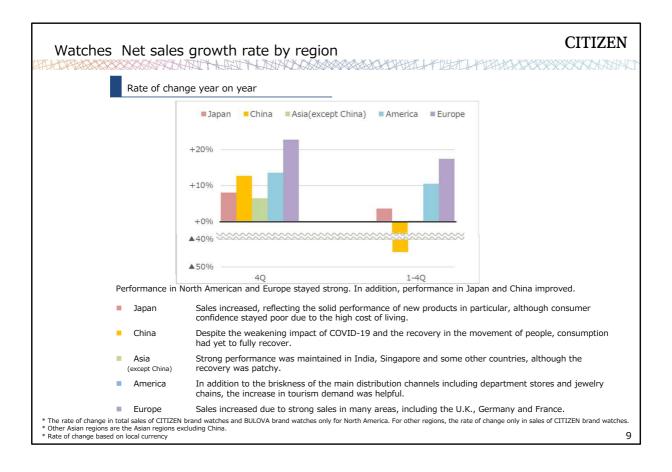
The Watches, Machine Tools and Electronic and Other Products segments each recorded increased sales and profit, with only the Devices and Components segment recording a decline.

I will provide an overview of each business in the next slide.



First is the Watches business.

Net sales rose 15.7% year on year to JPY 32.6 billion for this segment, with operating profit increasing JPY 0.8 billion, a year-on-year improvement of JPY 0.9 billion. Finished watch sales increased, reflecting a recovering domestic market and continued strong sales in the North American and European markets. Movement sales declined due to a weak recovery in demand for mechanical and analog quartz movements.



This slide shows the net sales growth rate by region.

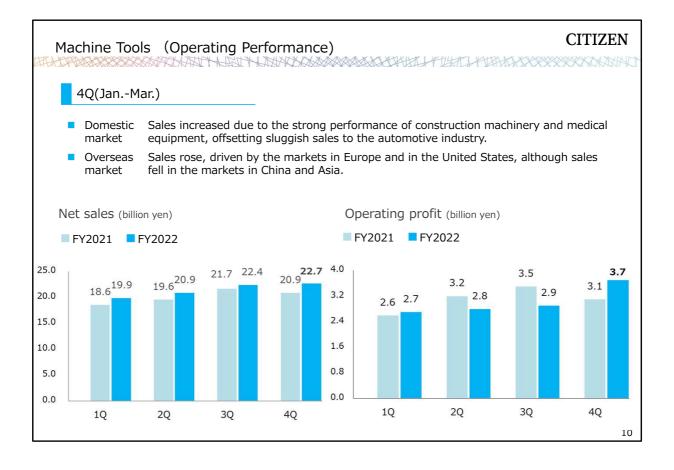
The graph on the left shows year-on-year changes in fourth quarter sales, with the graph on the right showing year-on-year changes in sales for the full year. I will provide an explanation for the fourth quarter, represented by the bars on the left. The red bars represent changes in Japan. Consumer confidence remained flat due to the rising prices of goods, but net sales increased due to solid performance of new products and high-priced items.

For China, indicated in yellow, net sales increased in response to recovery in the movement of people thanks to the weakening impact of COVID-19, but consumption did not yet fully recover.

In Asia, shown in light green, sales still varied by country, but strong performance in India and Singapore drove increased net sales.

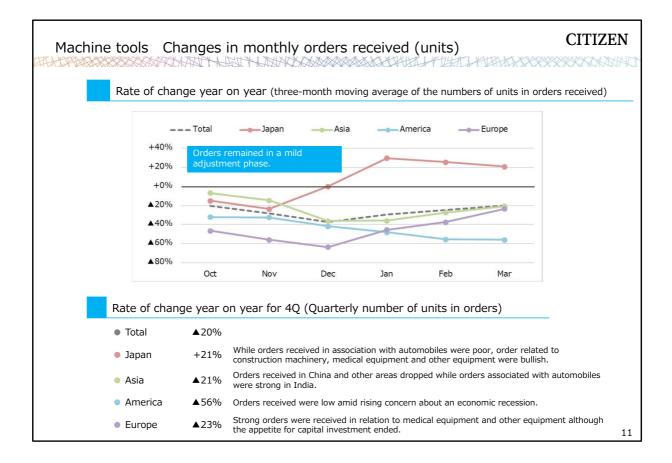
North America, shown in light blue, achieved higher net sales helped by rising travel demand in addition to brisk sales across main distribution channels including department stores and jewelry chains.

Sales in Europe, indicated by the light purple bar, also increased because sales continued to be strong across a wide area, particularly in the U.K., Germany and France.



Now, I will provide an overview of the business results in the Machine Tools business. Net sales surpassed the record-setting performance of the third quarter, rising 8.9% year on year to JPY 22.7 billion, with operating profit improving to JPY 3.7 billion. Domestically, net sales rose despite a sluggish automotive market, and also increased overseas, driving by solid performance in Europe and America, despite declines in the Chinese and Asian markets.

The operating profit margin stood at 16.5%.



This slide shows the status of orders received by region.

The line graph shows the three-month moving average of orders received and the percentage change year on year.

The following table shows the year-on-year change in orders received for the fourth quarter. The number of units fell 20% year on year.

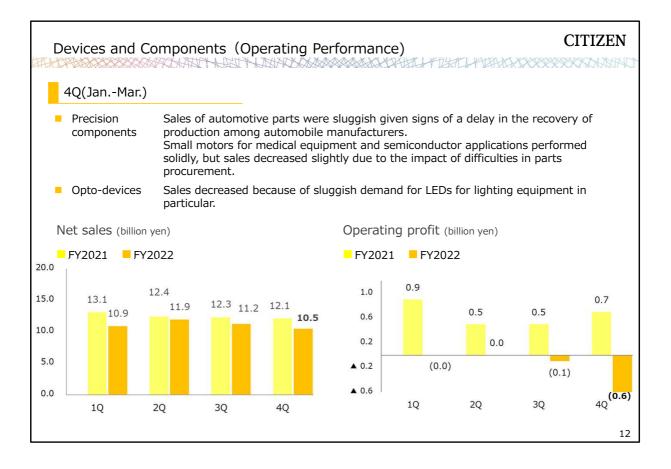
Looking at orders by region, orders increased 21% increase year on year domestically due to strong performance in the construction machinery and medical fields,

offsetting sluggish results of automobile-related products due to a decrease in automotive production.

In Asia, orders were strong in the Indian automotive sector and other industries. Meanwhile, they plunged in China and other regions. In the overall Asian region, orders were down 21% year on year.

In America, orders remained at a low level, reflecting rising concern about an economic recession, and recorded a 56% decrease year on year.

Similar concerns over an economic slowdown affected Europe, where the appetite for capital investment waned. However, solid performance in medical-related fields reduced the extent of the decrease to 23% year on year.



I will explain the Devices and Components business.

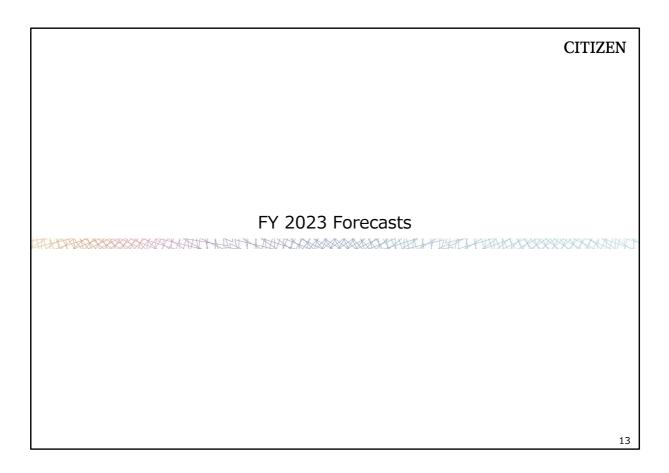
Net sales stood at JPY 10.5 billion, down 13.3% year on year, and an operating loss of JPY 0.6 billion was posted.

Sales of automotive parts continued to struggle, affected by an ongoing delay in the recovery of production among automobile manufacturers.

Sales of small motors decreased slightly, in part due to difficulties in parts

procurement, although orders continued to be received in the medical, semiconductor and many other areas.

In opto-devices, net sales decline mainly due to a fall in demand for LEDs for lighting equipment, and the overall segment experienced declines in both sales and profit.



Next, I will discuss our forecasts for FY2023.

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FY 2023 Forecast	ts								
Expected to ind	rease sales	and profit	due to both	n Watch an	d Machin	e Tool b	usinesses	remain st	
				i materi an		YoY			
	FY2022	Result	FY2023	Forecast	Am	ount	%		
(Unit : billion yen)	1H(Apr-Sep)	Full Year	1H(Apr-Sep)	Full Year	1H	Full Year	1H	Full Year	
Net sales	147.6	301.3	153.0	310.0	+ 5.3	+ 8.6	+ 3.6%	+ 2.9%	
Operating profit	12.3	23.7	12.6	25.0	+ 0.2	+ 1.2	+ 2.0%	+ 5.4%	
Operating margin	8.4%	7.9%	8.2%	8.1%	· ·	-	-	-	
Ordinary Profit	16.8	29.0	12.7	26.0	(4.1)	(3.0)	(24.4%)	(10.6%)	
Profit attributable to owners of parent	12.6	21.8	9.7	20.0	(2.9)	(1.8)	(23.3%)	(8.4%)	
Exchange rate	¥131/USD ¥138/EUR	¥135/USD ¥141/EUR	¥130/USD ¥140/EUR	¥130/USD ¥140/EUR					
Dividends Foreca	sts				Exchanc	ie rate ir	npact (1 v	veaker yen, A	
Dividends per s	share 40ve	en (Full vea	r)			·	USD	EUR	
Dividends per share 40yen (Full year) (Second quarter 20yen / Year-end 20yen)					(Unit : billion yen) Net sales		+0.9	+0.4	
Reference: Plann	ed annual divi	dend for FY2	022: 34 yen		Operat	ing profit	+0.25	+0.2	

This is an outline of our full-year forecasts for FY2023.

For FY2023, we forecast net sales of JPY 310 billion, up JPY 8.6 billion year on year, operating profit of JPY 25 billion, up JPY 1.2 billion year on year, ordinary profit of JPY 26 billion and profit of JPY 20 billion.

Exchange rate assumptions for the business forecast are JPY 130 to the U.S. dollar and JPY 140 to the euro.

Forecast annual dividends are 40 yen per share, an increase of 6 yen from the previous year, in line with the policy of our Medium-term Management Plan.

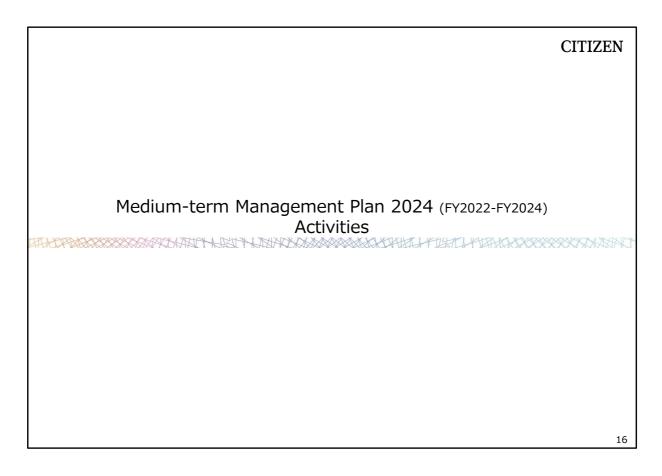
FY 2023 Forecast by Business Segment

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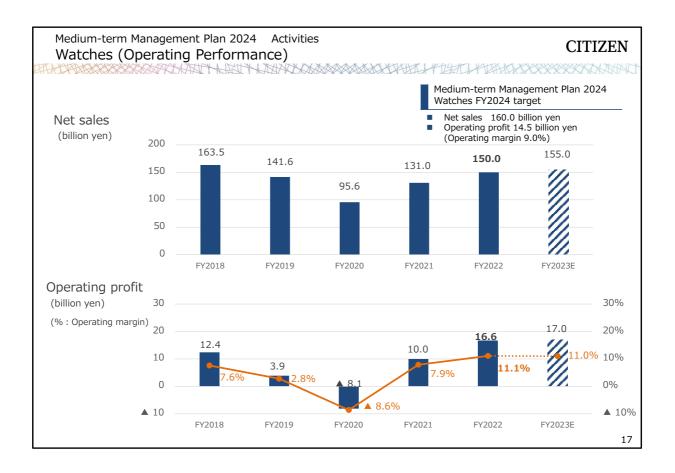
				1 .	Change				
Net sales FY2022		Result	FY2023	Forecast	Am	ount	%		
(Unit : billion yen)	1H(Apr-Sep)	Full Year	1H(Apr-Sep)	Full Year	1H	Full Year	1H	Full Year	
Watches	73.3	150.0	75.0	155.0	+ 16.0	+ 49.0	+ 2.2%	+ 3.3%	
Machine Tools	40.9	86.1	44.5	87.0	+ 35.0	+ 8.0	+ 8.8%	+ 1.0%	
Devices and Components	22.9	44.7	23.3	47.5	+ 3.0	+ 27.0	+ 1.6%	+ 6.2%	
Electronic and Other Products	10.4	20.4	10.2	20.5	(2.0)	+ 0.0	(2.6%)	+ 0.2%	
合計	147.6	301.3	153.0	310.0	+ 53.0	+ 86.0	+ 3.6%	+ 2.9%	
Operating Profit									
(Unit: billion yen, %:operating marg	gin)								
Watches	8.8	16.6	8.7	17.0	(1.0)	+ 3.0	(1.2%)	+ 2.2%	
	12.0%	11.1%	11.6%	11.0%	(-)		. ,		
Machine Tools	5.5 13.5%	12.2 14.2%	6.4 14.4%	12.5 14.4%	+ 8.0	+ 2.0	+ 15.8%	+ 2.4%	
	0.0	(0.8)	0.2	0.7					
Devices and Components	0.1%	(1.8%)	0.2	1.5%	+ 1.0	+ 15.0	+ 809.1%	-	
	0.7	1.1	0.3	0.8	(4 0)	(20)		(20 40()	
Electronic and Other Products	7.1%	5.6%	2.9%	3.9%	(4.0)	(3.0)	(59.7%)	(30.1%)	
Eliminations or general corporate	(2.7)	(5.4)	(3.0)	(6.0)	(2.0)	(5.0)	-	-	
Consolidated Total	12.3	23.7	12.6	25.0	+ 2.0	+ 12.0	+ 2.0%	+ 5.4%	
	8.4%	7.9%	8.2%	8.1%	1 2.0	1 12.0	1 2.0 /0	1 3.470	

This slide shows our full-year consolidated earnings forecasts by segment. In Watches, we forecast net sales of JPY 155 billion, an increase of JPY 4.9 billion with operating profit of JPY 17 billion, while in Machine Tools we expect net sales to rise JPY 0.8 billion to JPY 87 billion with operating profit of JPY 12.5 billion. This represents a projection of continued increases sales and profit for our two mainstay businesses.

In Devices and Components, we do not expect a significant recovery in market conditions, but provide that net sales should rise JPY 2.7 billion to JPY 47.5 billion, in part reflecting the assumption that sales of automotive parts will rebound from the second quarter onwards. In addition for Electronic and Other Devices we project net sales of JPY 20.5 billion, on part with the previous year.



Lastly, I would like to briefly review our activities under Medium-term Management Plan 2024.



In the Watches segment we achieve a steady recovery from the serious downturn of FY2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic, and in FY2022 operating profit far exceeded the pre-pandemic figure recorded in FY2018.

Although buoyed by favorable foreign exchange rates, the operating margin also reached 11%, surpassing the target metric set in our Medium-term Management Plan.



Here I would like to describe the Global Brand Strategy, one of our key strategies. We have been strengthening CITIZEN PROMASTER as a global brand. This line inherits the design characteristics of the Challenge Diver released in 1977, and the mechanical divers model released in August 2022 enjoyed strong sales worldwide.

In May 2023, we will begin domestic sales of the Eco Drive Diver 200 m, a model designed in the motif of a killer whale that has proven popular in the European and American markets.

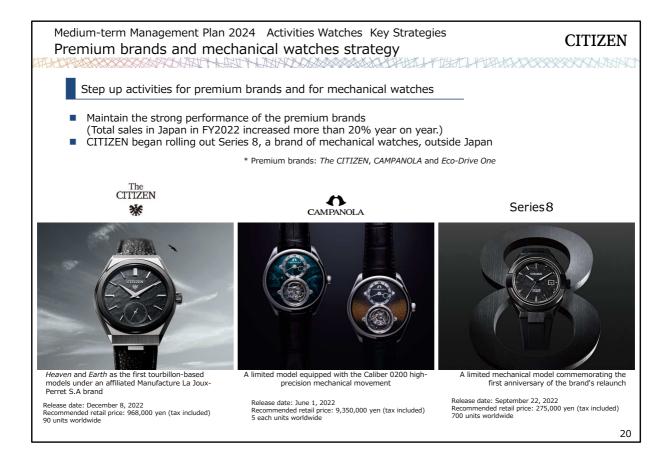
We will further step up efforts to promote PROMASTER as a core brand representing a growth driver in the global market.



Next is the CITIZEN L brand.

CITIZEN L is developing as a core global ladies brand. We are trying to expand the brand into the European and American markets, adding to the current main focus in Asian markets.

While a full-scale global rollout will take place throughout the current FY2023, we are already off to a good start with the advertising model themed after lilies of the valley meeting a strong reception in European and American markets after going on sale in April.

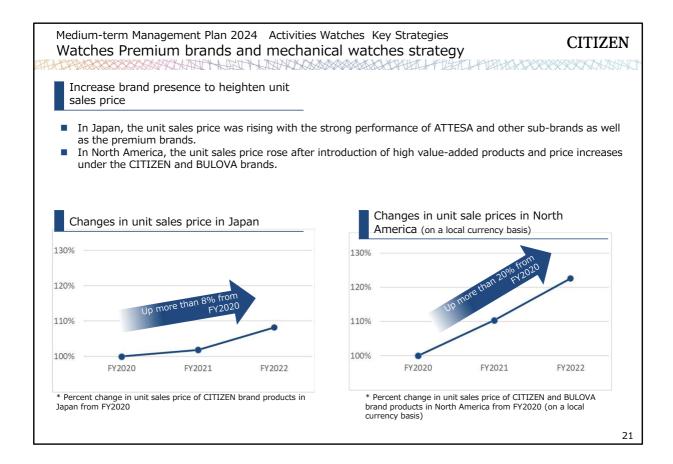


Next is our strategy for premium brands and mechanical watches.

Net sales of premium brands, The CITIZEN and CAMPANOLA in particular, grew more than 20% year on year in Japan.

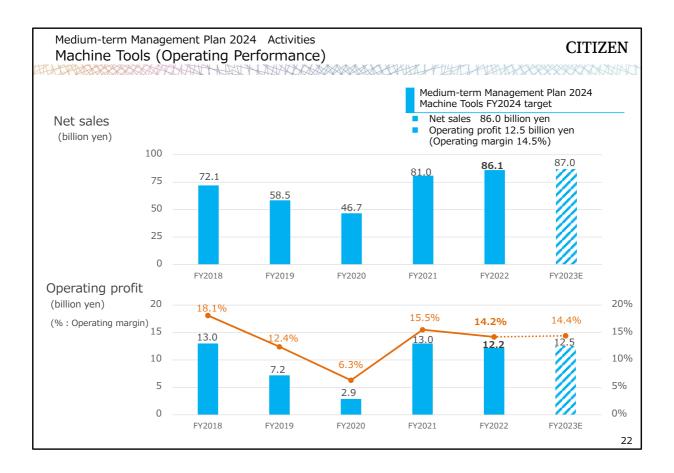
In addition, we bolstered the overseas rollout of the CITIZEN Series 8 mechanical watch brand, managing to grow sales in the European market where the sales area was expanded.

We will continue to enhance the lineup in an effort to further expand sales.



Here I will explain about the changes in unit sales prices in the two major regions. In the Japanese market, unit sales prices rose more than 8% compared with FY2020 levels, helped by strong performance of CITIZEN ATTESA and premium brands. In the North American market, unit sales prices jumped more than 20% compared with FY2020 levels after the introduction of high value-added products and price increases under the CITIZEN and BLUOVA brands.

We will continue to promote these premium brands and mechanical watches with the aim that they will better resonate with more customers and become their preferred brand.



This slide shows operating performance in the Machine Tools segment.

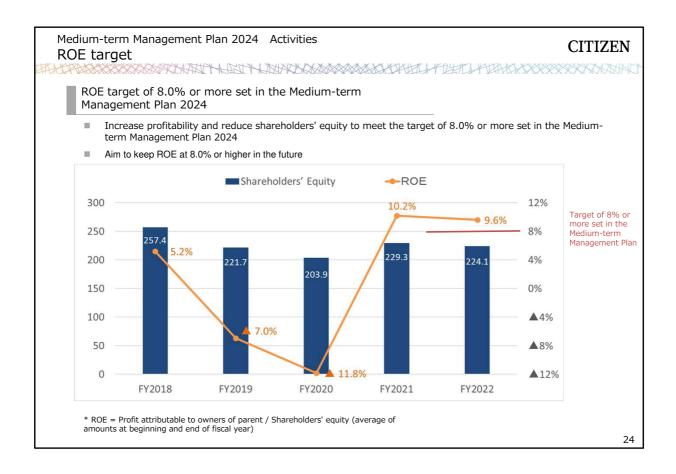
Net sales achieved the target set in the Medium-term Management Plan, in the first year of the plan.

Operating profit fell short of the target by a slim margin in part due to increased costs, but we will strive to achieve the target set out in the Medium-term Management Plan in FY2023.



With an eye toward our long-term target in the Machine Tools segment of JPY 100 billion in net sales, to date we have boosted production capacity in China and Thailand. This month, expansion work on a precision machining plant at the Karuizawa Headquarters was completed, and will soon enter operation.

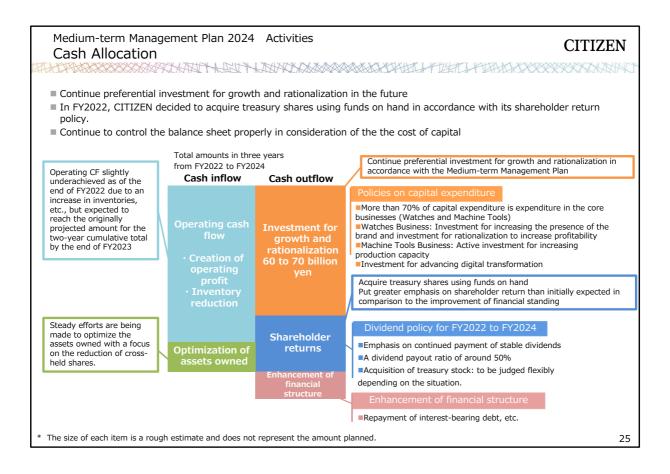
Production capacity will increase 40% from FY2021 levels as a result of these capital investments.



This slide shows the change in ROE.

In our Medium-term Management Plan, we had targeted an ROE of at least 8.0%, but in FY2022, we managed to surpass the target with a figure of 9.6% due to profitability improvements and a reduction in shareholders' equity.

In the future, we will continue aiming to keep ROE at 8.0% or higher.



Finally, I would like to talk about cash allocation.

This is a reproduction of materials from our Medium-term Management Plan, with the callout boxes briefly describing current conditions.

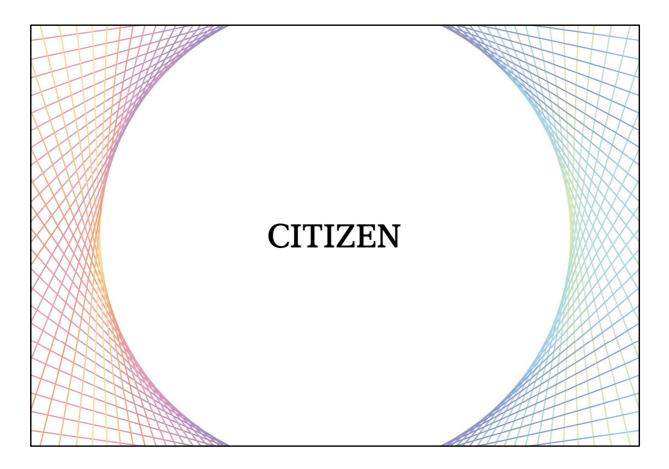
I will start by describing cash inflow. Operating cash flow slightly unachieved due to an increase in inventories and other factors, but is expected to reach the originally projected amount for the two-year cumulative total by the end of FY2023.

Steady efforts are underway to optimize the assets owned with a focus on the reduction of cross-held shares.

We will continue to allocate preferential investment for growth and rationalization as scheduled, in accordance with the Medium-term Management Plan.

Regarding shareholder returns and enhancement of the financial structure, as a largescale acquisition of treasury shares using funds on hand that had been kept as a risk buffer is underway, in the balance with interest-bearing debt, we shifted the weighting towards shareholder returns.

Going forward, we will continue to control the balance sheet properly with the cost of capital in mind.



That concludes my presentation. Thank you for your attention.

